

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. **(Currently amended)** A recombinant nucleotide sequence which codes upon expression for at least a part of a bifunctional hybrid active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamase protein, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein bears is bearing at least one heterologous sequence, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein bears is bearing the at least one heterologous sequence in a region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of said active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamase a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is forming a juncture between the alpha helices of active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamases, wherein said alpha helices correspond to the last two alpha helices before the alpha/beta domain, and wherein the hybrid protein is having two functions, wherein the first function is associated with the  $\beta$ -lactamase portion and the second function is associated with the at least one heterologous sequence having a biological function which is different from the first function.

2. **(Canceled)**

3. **(Canceled)**

4. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein bears is bearing at least one heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase; and
- b) a the region forming a juncture between the alpha helices which are homologous to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase.

5. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) class A  $\beta$ -lactamase,
- b) class C  $\beta$ -lactamase, and
- c) class D  $\beta$ -lactamase, and
- d) a recombinant sequence of one or more of a) to c).

6. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase moiety is a derived from class A  $\beta$ -lactamase, wherein said  $\beta$ -

lactamase class A protein bears is bearing the at least one heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9.

7. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 16, wherein the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) the amino acid sequence Thr195 to Leu199 of the TEM-1 β-lactamase; and
- b) an the amino acid sequence in a β-lactamase other than TEM-1 β-lactamase corresponding to the amino acid sequence Thr195 to Leu199 in TEM-1 β-lactamase.

8. **(Withdrawn- Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the β-lactamase moiety is a derived from class C β-lactamase, wherein said β-lactamase class C protein bears is bearing the at least one heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helices, which correspond to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 in TEM-1 β-lactamase.

9. **(Withdrawn- Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 8, wherein the region forming a juncture is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) the amino acid sequence K239 to E245 of the AmpC β-lactamase; and
- b) an the amino acid sequence in a β-lactamase other than AmpC β-lactamase corresponding to the amino acid sequence K239 to E245 of the AmpC β-lactamase.

10. **(Withdrawn- Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the β-lactamase moiety is a derived from class D β-lactamase, wherein β-lactamase class D protein bears is bearing the at least one heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helices, which correspond to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 in TEM-1 β-lactamase.

11. **(Withdrawn- Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 10, wherein the region forming a juncture is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) the amino acid sequence N510 to F514 of the BlaR-CTD β-lactamase; and
- b) an the amino acid sequence in a β-lactamase other than BlaR-CTD β-lactamase corresponding to the amino acid sequence N510 to F514 of the BlaR-CTD β-lactamase.

12. **(Currently amended)** A recombinant nucleotide sequence which codes upon expression for at least a part of a bifunctional hybrid β-lactamase class A protein, wherein the β-lactamase class A protein bears is bearing at least one heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the β-lactamase sequence, wherein the region is selected from the group consisting of:

a) the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of the TEM-1 β-lactamase; and

b) the region forming a juncture between the alpha helices of a homologous β-lactamase[[s]] class A, said alpha helices corresponding to the alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of the TEM-1 β-lactamase,

wherein the hybrid protein has a first function and a second function, wherein the first function is associated with the β-lactamase portion and is selected from the group consisting of:

c) hydrolyzing β-lactams (β-lactamase activity); and

d) binding covalently and in a stable manner to substances selected from the group β-lactams, derivatives of β-lactams, inhibitors of β-lactams;

and wherein the second function is associated with the at least one heterologous sequence having a biological function which is different from the first function.

13. **(Canceled)**

14. **(Canceled)**

15. **(Previously presented)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the three-dimensional structure of the β-lactamase portion of the hybrid β-lactamase is homologous to the three-dimensional structure of the TEM-1 β-lactamase.

16. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence has a length of 11 or more amino acid residues.

17. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence has a length of 18 or more amino acid residues.

18. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence has a length of 25 or more amino acid residues.

19. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence has a length of 50 or more amino acid residues.

20. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence has a length of 100 or more amino acid residues.

21. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase sequence is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase TEM-1 (SEQ ID NO: 1)
- b) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase BlaP (SEQ ID NO: 2);
- c) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase BlaL (SEQ ID NO: 3);
- d) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase AmpC (SEQ ID NO: 39); and
- e) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase BlaR-CTD (SEQ ID NO: 41);
- f) a recombinant sequence of one or more of a) to e); and
- g) nucleotide sequences which hybridize under stringent conditions to the nucleotide sequences of any one of a) to f)-or fragments thereof.

22. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence is related to a function selected from the group consisting of: being an epitope, being a specific binding partner for antibodies, being specifically recognized and bound by antibodies, having a binding affinity to earth alkali and metal ions, having enzymatic activity, being a toxin (STa heat-stable enterotoxin of *E. coli*), bearing a glycosylation site, bearing a glycosylated peptide, being a specific binding partner for any polypeptide or any ligand, and having a binding affinity to dsDNA and ssDNA or RNA (having a binding affinity to nucleotide and polynucleotide).

23. **(Currently amended)** The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one heterologous sequence is selected from the group consisting of: STa (heat stable enterotoxin of *Escherichia coli*, SEQ ID NO: 21), protein A of *Staphylococcus aureus*, (SEQ ID NO: 23 and 25), protein G of *Streptococcus pyogenes*, (SEQ ID NO: 27 and 29), a linear antigenic determinant of the hemagglutinin of the Influenza virus (SEQ ID NO: 31), a fragment of human phospholipase-type 11 (hPLA2) (SEQ ID NO: 33), and LPS binding amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 35), and nucleotide sequences which hybridize under stringent conditions to said nucleotide sequences -or fragments thereof.

24.-53. **(Cancelled)**